COVID-19 EMERGENCY RELEASE PROCESS

Chart based on *Committee for Public Counsel Services v. Chief Justice of Trial Court,* SJC-12926 (April 3, 2020) (hereinafter *CPCS*) and Court Orders — Superior 5-20, District 4-20, BMC 5-20, and Juvenile 5-20 — https://www.mass.gov/guides/court-system-response-to-covid-19

Pre-Trial Defendant Status		Appendix A	
Standard	Rebuttable Presumption of Release	No Presumption of Release	1. Any felony involving: (i) use, attempt, or threat of
Eligibility	No 276, § 58A preventive detention;	Held under § 58A; or	physical force or weapon against another; (ii)
	No revoked bail; and	Bail revoked; or	burglary, extortion, arson, or kidnapping; or (iii)
	Not charged with Appendix A crime.	Charged with Appendix A crime.	explosives . See 140, § 21. 276, § 58A.
Filing	Email to designated clerk	Email to designated clerk	Includes, but not limited to, murder (265, § 1);
Instructions	Subject line: Comm. v Docket #	Subject line: Comm. v Docket #	manslaughter (265, § 13); mayhem (265, § 14);
	*Motion for release based on SJC-12926 —	Motion for release based on SJC-12926 —	assault with the intent to murder or maim (265, §
	PRESUMPTIVE RELEASE *If so, add AGREED-UPON before Motion	NON-PRESUMPTIVE RELEASE	15); assault and battery by means of a dangerous
	Copy to DA and Probation	Copy to DA and Probation	weapon (265, §§ 15A, 15B, 15C); strangulation (265, § 15D); assault and battery or attempt by
Supporting	Include in motion:	Include in motion:	discharge of firearm (265, §§ 15E, 15F); attempted
Reasons	1. Defendant/probationer name.	1. Defendant/probationer name.	murder (265, § 16); armed robbery (265, § 17);
Reusons	Current bail/detention status.	2. On pg. 1: § 58A, pending charges, or	assault with the intent to rob or murder (265, § 18);
	3. Client consent to motion.	bail revocation status.	armed assault in a dwelling (265, § 18A); use of a
	4. Client not charged with Appendix A or		firearm in the commission of a felony (265, § 18B); home invasion (265, § 18C); unarmed robbery
	held on § 58A or bail revocation.		(265, § 19); stealing by confinement (265, § 21).
	5. No positive test or COVID-19	3. No positive test or COVID-19	
	symptoms; <i>or</i> quarantine for contact	symptoms; <i>or</i> quarantine for contact	2. Any domestic violence , including A&B on family member (265, § 13M); violation of 209A and 258E
	with person who tested positive.	with person who tested positive.	restraining orders.
	Not eligible for release while this	Not eligible for release while this	
	factor present (<i>CPCS</i> n. 19).	factor present (<i>CPCS</i> n. 19).	3. Intimidation witnesses, jurors, or people furnishing information (268, § 13B).
	Sheriffs provide medical records upon timely request (CPCS n. 21).	Sheriffs provide medical records upon timely request (<i>CPCS</i> n. 21).	
	6. Attorney spoke to prosecutor.	apon timely request (CFC3 II. 21).	4. 3 rd or subsequent OUI within ten years of previous
	7. Any agreement.	4. Any agreement (much harder but not	conviction (90, § 24).
	Get Probation input if agreement	impossible; worth calling ADA).	5. MV homicide or manslaughter (90, § 24G, 265 §
	involves supervision.	Get Probation input if agreement	13½).
	'	involves supervision.	*DELLOTTI
	8. Attorney email address.	5. Attorney email address.	BELLOTTI
	9. Attach docket and CARI (if possible) ¹	6. Attach docket and CARI (if possible)	LAW GROUP, P.C.
			LAW GROUP, P.C.
	May file other attachments (e.g., police	May file other attachments (good idea	www.bellottilaw.com
	report, CORI).	since burden higher for defendant).	

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Superior and BMC specifically direct this in their orders. Makes sense in other courts too.

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Opposition	<u>Within 1 day</u> of receipt of motion.	Within 7 calendar days of receipt.	
Judge Process & Ruling	Agreed. Allow by notation, no hearing; or Contested. Conduct video/phone hearing: No later than 2 days after filing; Defendant need not be present; Other appropriate evidence permitted; Presume release unless proof by preponderance of unreasonable danger to community or very high flight risk; May impose conditions (e.g., GPS, probation supervision);²,³ Decision must "prompt;" Based on "totality of circumstances:"⁴ ✓ Risk of exposure in custody; ✓ Safety risk to anyone if defendant released;⁵ ✓ Vulnerability due to preexisting medical condition or advanced age; ✓ If probation violation, is it technical or new crime;	 Deny without hearing ("on the papers"); or Allow video/phone hearing: No time mandated; Defendant need not be present; Other appropriate evidence permitted; No presumption of release; May impose conditions; Decision must "prompt." Same "totality of circumstances" factors should be argued. CPCS does not preclude a judge from considering them in a non-presumption case — if vulnerability to COVID-19 can be linked to a good release plan, court may feel compelled to release. 	
Appeal	✓ Defendant's release plan. SJC single justice under 211, § 3.	No special appeal process.	
Post-Conviction Defendant Status			
Options	 Once convicted, defendant may raise COVID-19 concerns: Post-trial motion: (i) stay sentence pending appeal or motion for new trial [ADA has 14 days to respond]; (ii) motion for new trial [ADA has 30 days to respond]; or (iii) revise or revoke sentence under Mass. R. Crim. P. 29 — must file within 60 days of sentence [ADA has 14 days to respond]; or Release on parole: CPCS at 38-39 discusses early parole in which COVID-19 concerns may be raised. Juveniles can bring their concerns to DYS. See Juvenile Order 5-20. 		

Appendix A Continued

- 6. All minimum mandatory offenses involving illegal possession of a gun or feeding device (269, § 10).
- 7. **Listed sex crimes**: Aggravated and rape (265, § 22): child rape and aggravated under 16 (265, § 22A or 22B); statutory rape and aggravated (265, § 23 or § 23A); assault with intent to rape (265, § 24); assault child with intent to rape (265, § 24B); kidnap child (265, § 26); indecent A&B child under 14 and aggravated (265, 43 § 13B or 13B½); indecent A&B intellectually disabled (265, § 13F); indecent A&B 14 or over (265, § 13H); enticement child under 16 (265, § 26C), electronic enticement child under 18 (265, § 26D); sex trafficking (265, § 50); subsequent viol (265, § 52); enticement for prostitution (272, § 2); drug for intercourse (272, § 3); induce minor prostitute (272, § 4A); pimp for minor prostitute (272, § 4B); incest (272, § 17); create child pornography (272, § 29A); lascivious act child under 16 (272, § 35A).
- 8. Traffick cocaine/heroin over 200 grams [94C, § 32E(b)(4), (c)(4)]; or fentanyl/carafentanil [94C, § 32E(c½), (c¾)].
- 9. Any attempt, conspiracy, or accessory after the fact to any of the above offenses.

Feel free to disseminate this chart!

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² Must be consistent with SJC Order Concerning GPS Monitoring (March 23) and Trial Court Emergency Order 20-2 Concerning Probation Conditions as a Result of COVID-19 (March 16).

³ Arrest warrant may be issued for violation of release condition on motion of ADA or Probation.

⁴ These specific considerations appear in *CPCS* at 32, so advocates may want to specifically address each in a contested hearing before a judge.

⁵ ADA's inability to notify victim pursuant to Chapter 258B is *not* a reason to hold defendant. *CPCS* at 32.